

Grammar 7

• 情狀副詞：要構成情狀副詞，我們通常須在形容詞的詞尾加 'ly'，但也有例外的情況。注意情狀副詞一般放在動詞後面。

- A**
1. carefully
  2. angrily
  3. fast
  4. bravely
  5. hard [※ 解難：'hard' 既可作形容詞用（解「困難的」），也可作副詞用（解「努力地」）。]
  6. badly
  7. heavily
  8. warmly
  9. excitedly
  10. comfortably [※ 解難：把 'comfortable' 變為副詞時，須刪去 'e'，再加 'y'。]
- B**
1. Old Mrs Lo always speaks kindly to us / to us kindly.
  2. The birds are singing happily / happily singing.
  3. The athlete ran fast in the race.
  4. Everybody did well in the English exam.
- C**
3. ... instructions carefully → carefully
  4. ... eats messy → messily
  5. ✓
  6. ... to school late → late [※ 解難：'late' 的形容詞和副詞形式是一樣的，兩者皆解「遲」；而 'lately' 則解「近來」。]
  7. ... dog gently → gently [※ 解難：把 'gentle' 變為副詞時，須刪去 'e'，再加 'y'。]
  8. ... performed good → well
- D**
- |                      |               |            |            |
|----------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| (1) patiently        | (2) excitedly | (3) fast   | (4) easily |
| (5) <u>carefully</u> | (6) safely    | (7) gently | (8) well   |
| (9) happily          |               |            |            |
- (10) tired [※ 解難：這裏應用形容詞 'tired' 來表示「我是十分『疲倦的』……」。]
- (11) hungrily                      (12) hard

Grammar 8

• 與介詞連用的短語：每個與介詞連用的短語都有特定意思。

- A**
- |          |          |         |       |          |
|----------|----------|---------|-------|----------|
| 1. of    | 2. with  | 3. with | 4. of | 5. about |
| 6. about | 7. about | 8. with | 9. of |          |
- B**
1. The audience were disappointed with the show.
  2. Mr Poon is pleased with his job.
  3. My parents are so proud of me.
  4. Michael was excited about his first visit to the theme park.
- C**
3. ... ashamed about ... → of
  4. ... scared with ... → of
  5. ✓
  6. ... disappointed of ... → with
  7. ✓
- D**
- |                   |                   |                       |               |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| (1) excited about | (2) pleased with  | (3) disappointed with | (4) scared of |
| (5) ashamed of    | (6) worried about | (7) nice to           |               |
- [文中的 'relay race' 解「接力賽」；'baton' 解「接力棍」。]

Grammar 9

• 動名詞：某些動詞後面（如 'go / keep / stop' 等）和介詞後面都須接動名詞，即原形動詞加 'ing'。動名詞也可放於句首作主詞用。

- A**
- |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. stop writing          | 2. was sorry for making |
| 3. thank you for helping | 4. Doing                |
| 5. goes hiking           | 6. Taking               |
| 7. go cycling            | 8. is good at cooking   |
| 9. is used for opening   | 10. instead of buying   |
- B**
1. Donating money to charity is meaningful.
  2. Thank you for giving me the advice.
  3. I am sorry for breaking your mug.