

**J 題解：**書寫短文前，先閱讀思想導圖(mind map)的問題，再構思要寫上甚麼內容。

參考答案：

Mid-Autumn festival is one of the most important festivals in Hong Kong. It can be greener and more meaningful.

Moon cakes are bought before Mid-Autumn Festival. We usually have far too many moon cakes to eat and a lot of them are wasted. If we can't eat them all, we should buy fewer moon cakes or donate them to charity, for example, food banks.

Most children play with lanterns at Mid-Autumn Festival. We can put the lanterns away and reuse them the following year. Some children like playing with glow sticks. They are bad for the Earth. We should stop buying glow sticks.

People throw away too many empty moon cake boxes after Mid-Autumn Festival. We can reuse them for other purposes.

## Final Test

**A 題解：**填寫答案時，要根據對話的上文下理和時間詞，來決定動詞的時態。

- |                    |                     |                       |             |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| (1) 's / is having | (2) 's / is staying | (3) looks             | (4) miss    |
| (5) will be        | (6) flew            | (7) took              | (8) 's / is |
| (9) is             | (10) set            | (11) 'll / will reach | (12) were   |
| (13) would avoid   | (14) would wear     | (15) 'll / will be    |             |

**B 題解：**填寫答案時，要根據對話的上文下理，利用所提供的動詞，填上正確的被動語態形式。

- |                   |                   |                |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| (1) is celebrated | (2) are held      | (3) is watched |
| (4) are displayed | (5) are performed |                |



**C 題解：**填寫答案時，要根據雜誌文章內容的上文下理，留意關係代名詞所指的是人或物，再決定使用以 'who' 或 'which' 來連接句子。

- |           |         |           |
|-----------|---------|-----------|
| (1) which | (2) who | (3) who   |
| (4) which | (5) who | (6) which |

**D 題解：**填寫答案時，要根據海報的上文下理，決定在動詞後面用動名詞或帶 'to' 的不定式，並留意所描寫的是人或物，再決定使用以 '-ed' 或 '-ing' 結尾的形容詞。

- |                    |                  |                   |                |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| (1) enjoy looking  | (2) excited      | (3) tried to find | (4) surprising |
| (4) wanted to hold | (5) disappointed | (6) exciting      | (8) worried    |

**E 題解：**填寫答案時，要根據故事撮寫的上文下理，選擇合適的介詞，以組成正確的片語動詞。

- |          |          |        |
|----------|----------|--------|
| (1) into | (2) for  | (3) up |
| (4) out  | (5) away | (6) up |

**F 題解：**找錯處時，留意每題的介詞、連接詞、形容詞、數量詞或動詞的時態等是否正確。

They bought very little lucky flowers last year. → few

[這裏錯處是 'little'；'lucky flowers' 是可數名詞，因此前面要用修飾可數名詞的數量詞 'few'。]

A caterpillar turns a butterfly. → into

[這裏錯處是漏了 'into'；要表達「變成」的意思，'turn' 後面必須加上 'into'。]